Curriculum Skills and Progression Map Computing





Key Concepts:

How networks and computers work

Programming and debugging on and off screen

Data collection and analysis

Using technology effectively to enhance learning

Understanding how to stay safe online

		Reception	
Progression Objectives	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy
Relevant ELG			
KS1 readiness objectives	 Awareness of the cause and effect of technology Awareness of input and outputs of devices 	 Awareness of different technologies in and out of school Awareness of digital storage of information- photography, digital writing and research information Can use technology to express creatively and constructively 	 Awareness of different technologies in and out of school Awareness of digital storage of information- photography, digital writing and research information To develop understanding of having a digital presence on-line
Vocabulary	Sequence, instruction, program, computer	Computer, printer, screen, tablet, coding critter, Bee-bot	Internet, on-line, technology
Topics taught	 Drawing app on Cleverboard Using tablets to take photographs Sharing Class Dojo homework - talk about upload, download etc. Teacher to narrate when opening programs, using internet etc. on the screen Movable images on Lynx slides - 1 finger to move, 2 to change size etc. Hour of Code (December): Beaver Achiever or similar - simple block coding. Teacher guided activity on Cleverboard screen. Beebots - positional language Coding Critters - journey stories 	 Phonics and Maths games on tablet/Cleverboard screens Drawing app on Cleverboard Use screens, computers, tablets, beebots and coding critters. Phonics and Maths games on tablet/Cleverboard screens Drawing app on Cleverboard 	 To read e-safety whole school stories and discuss what is meant by on-line. Develop understanding of what information can be shared safely - link to stranger danger

Programmes of study	Pupils should be taught:				
Programmes of study		how thay are implemented as programs on	digital davises; and that programs		
Year 1	 understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions 				
ι εαι ι					
	create and debug simple programs use legisal reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs				
	use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs				
	use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content				
	recognise common uses of information technology beyond school				
	 use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies. 				
	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy		
Progression objectives	To understand what algorithms are;	Use technology purposefully to create,	Use technology safely and respectfully,		
	how they are implemented on digital	organise, store, manipulate and retrieve	keeping personal information		
	devices; and that programs execute by	digital content.	private; identify where to go for help		
	following precise and unambiguous		and support when they have concerns		
	instructions.	To use computers, I-pads and	about content or contact on the internet		
		cameras.	or other online technologies.		
	To understand algorithms as a				
	sequence of instructions in everyday	To be able to log in, open and save	To know that you need to keep		
	context (e.g. recipe).	work.	yourself safe on-line.		
	To plan a sequence of steps to	To create a picture.	To close the lid & tell an adult if they		
	achieve a desired outcome (e.g. to		see something they shouldn't or feel		
	make a sandwich/move a Bee Bot).	To type their own text.	unsafe.		
	To program a Bee Bot with single		To know what personal information is		
	instructions.		and that it should be kept private.		
	To create and debug simple programs		To not copy or share someone else's work without asking.		
	To create a program for a Bee Bot by entering instructions one at a time.		non minout usking.		
	Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs.				
	To predict what a program will do.				

	Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.		
	To understand what a computer is and how it works.		
Assessment objectives	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy
	To know that an algorithm is a set of instructions To create a simple algorithm to make a character move on screen To plan a sequence of steps to achieve a desired outcome To create a more advanced, multi-step algorithm To debug codes, spotting and fixing any errors To apply what I have learnt to create a sequence of instructions To evaluate my sequence, and debug if required	To explain how technology can help us To find examples of technology in the classroom To name the main parts of a computer/device To click and drag to make objects move on screen To say what a keyboard is used for To log in to code.org using a picture password To identify rules to keep us safe when we are using technology To give some examples of these rules	To make marks on a screen and explain which tools I used To draw lines on a screen To use the paint tools to draw a picture To use shape and line tools effectively To make appropriate colour choices I know that different paint tools do different jobs To change the colour and brush sizes To say whether I prefer painting using a computer or using paper To recognise devices that can take a photograph
	To predict the outcomes of a command To match a command to an outcome To follow simple instructions To give directions to travel between two given points To predict the outcome of a series of forwards and backwards movements To experiment with turn and move commands to make a robot move To predict the outcome of a sequence involving multiple commands To explain what my program should do, and debug any errors To understand and identify multiple solutions to a problem	To describe objects using labels To match objects to groups To identify the label for a group of objects To count, group and order objects To choose how to group objects To record how many objects are in a group To compare groups of objects and share findings	To talk about how to take a photograph, and what makes a good photograph To take photographs in landscape and portrait mode, and explain why and when each should be used To identify what is wrong with a photograph To improve a photograph by retaking it To explore the effect that light can have on a photo To explain why a picture may be unclear To recognise that images can be changed To apply effects and mark ups to a photograph

Vocabulary	Grouping and sorting: Sort, criteria Pictor Lego Builders Instruction, algorithm, commaze Explorers Direction, challenge, arralgorithm Animated Story Books Animation, e-book character, code block, code design, coder properties, when clicked, stop command, Spreadsheets Arrow keys, backspace, cut cell tool, rows, speak tool, spreadsheet Technology Outside of School Technology	mputer, program, debug ow, undo, rewind, forward, backwards, rigl ok, font, file, sound effect, display board, C r, coding, collision detection, command, de sound, when key ersor, columns, cells, clipart, count tool, de	nt turn, left turn, debug, instruction, oding, Action, background, button, sign mode, input, scale, program, lete key, image toolbox, lock tool, move
Topics taught	Introduction to coding on-screen Sequencing with robots – code and go mouse Hour of Code (December)	Tech in our lives Grouping Data	Digital painting Digital photography Safer Internet Day E-safety books

Programmes of study	Pupils should be taught:				
. 5,		how they are implemented as programs on	digital devices; and that programs		
Year 2	execute by following precise and		a.g.a a.cco, aa aa p. o.g. a		
	create and debug simple programs				
	use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs				
	 use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content 				
	 recognise common uses of information technology beyond school 				
	 use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and 				
	support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.				
	Computer Science Information Technology Digital Literacy				
Progression objectives	To understand what algorithms are;	Use technology purposefully to create,	Use technology safely and respectfully,		
	how they are implemented on digital	organise, store, manipulate and retrieve	keeping personal information private;		
	devices; and that programs execute by	digital content.	identify where to go for help and		
	following precise and unambiguous		support		
	instructions.	To use computers, I-pads, audio	when they have concerns about content		
		recorders and cameras.	or contact on the internet or other		
	To plan a sequence of steps to		online		
	achieve a desired outcome.	To be able to log in, open, edit, print	technologies.		
		and save work.			
	To program a Bee Bot using a		To understand that not everyone		
	complete algorithm to move the Bee	To combine text and images.	online is honest.		
	Bot to a desired location.				
		To create a simple presentation.	To understand the idea of a trusted		
	To create and debug simple programs.		adult.		
		To create a pictogram or graph.			
	To program a Bee Bot using a		To know how your online activities		
	sequence of instructions.	To create an e-book.	can affect others.		
	To create, run and debug a simple		To be able to identify the positives		
	program using a screen Bot.		and negatives of using technology.		
	program using a screen bot.		and negatives of using technology.		
	Use logical reasoning to predict the		To recognise kind and unkind		
	behaviour of simple programs.		comments.		
	To explain what a particular program		To know the risks of sharing images		
	will do.		without permission.		

	Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school. To name different input and output		To understand the types of images that you should or shouldn't post online.
	systems of computer systems.		
Assessment objectives	To predict the outcomes of a command To match a command to an outcome To follow simple instructions To give directions to travel between two given points To predict the outcome of a series of forwards and backwards movements To experiment with turn and move commands to make a robot move To predict the outcome of a sequence involving multiple commands To explain what my program should do, and debug any errors To understand and identify multiple solutions to a problem To use ScratchJr blocks to make a character move To match a character's actions to a block of code To sequence a popular story To explain that a story requires three parts To tell a section of a story using animation in ScratchJr To use the Control block 'Repeat' in ScratchJr To explain how to use the Control blocks 'Wait' and 'Set Speed' To program characters to repeat their action To explain the purpose of the Motion	To identify examples of computers and digital technology To describe different uses of computers To identify that a computer is a part of information technology To identify examples of computers at home and in school To talk about how technology can be used in different ways To compare types of technology To recognise how to use technology responsibly To explain simple guidance on how to use technology responsibly To search using the term 'for kids' To access a web link effectively To use the camera to access a website using QR codes Understand how to post comments to a group page safely and responsibly "To identify search results that will give some useful information" To know where to find the address of a link	To record data in a tally chart To represent a tally count as a total To compare totals in a tally chart To enter data onto a device To use a computer to view data in different formats To use pictograms to answer simple questions about objects To organise data in a tally chart To answer 'more than' 'less than' and 'most/least' questions about data collected To explain the purpose of a speech bubble To use the Looks block 'Say' To develop the program to include timing using Control blocks To extend my programming skills to include the use of the Triggering blocks 'Send Message' and 'Start on Message' To explain what physical interaction is To use the Triggering block 'Start on Bump' to create physical interaction between characters To extend my programming skills to include user interaction using the Triggering block 'Start on Tap' To select suitable characters, backgrounds, blocks, and programming scripts in Scratch Jr.
	block 'Go Home'		

Vocabulary	Coding Action, algorithm, bug, character, code block, code design, command, debug, design mode, input, object, properties, repeat, scale, timer, when clicked, when key Online Safety Search, display board, internet, sharing, email, attachment, digital footprint Spreadsheets Backspace key, copy and paste, columns, cells, count tool, delete key, equals tool, image toolbox, lock tool, move cell tool, rows, speak tool, spreadsheet Questioning Pictogram, question, data, collate, binary tree, avatar, database Effective Searching Internet, search, search engine			
	Creating pictures Impressionism, palette, pointillism, surrealism, share, template Making music Bpm, composition, digitally, instrument, music, sound effects, soundtrack, tempo, volume Presenting Ideas Concept map, quiz, presentation, node, animated, non-fiction, narrative, audience			
Topics taught	Computer Science Introduction to Scratch Jr - making sprites move Going further with Scratch Jr - Digital story-telling Hour of code (December	Information Technology Technology around us Using the internet	Digital Literacy Going further with Scratch Jr - Digital story-telling Pictograms Safer Internet Day E-safety books	

Programmes of study	Pupils should be taught:			
,		that accomplish specific goals, including o	controlling or simulating physical	
Year 3	systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts			
	 use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output 			
	 use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and 			
	programs			
	understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the apportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.			
	 web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating 			
	 use search technologies effectivel digital content 	y, appreciate now results are selected and	Taliked, and be discerning in evaluating	
		of software (including internet services) on	a range of digital devices to design and	
		ms and content that accomplish given goal		
	evaluating and presenting data and information			
	 use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of 			
	ways to report concerns about co			
	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy	
Progression objectives	To design, write and debug programs	Use search technologies effectively,	Use technology safely, respectfully	
	that accomplish specific goals.	appreciate how results are selected and	and responsibly; recognise acceptable/	
	To design a program using block	ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.	unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concern about	
	language.	aigital content.	content and contact.	
		To understand that search engines		
	To program a simple animation	select pages according to keywords.	To know and understand the meaning	
	making a sprite move and talk.		of SMART rules.	
		To search for information within a		
	To understand that sometimes a	single site.	To know how to report a concern to a	
	program will have to be debugged.	Select, use and combine a variety of	member of staff.	
	Use sequence, selection and repetition in	software (including internet	To understand that emails and	
	programs; work with variables and	services) on a range of digital devices to	attachments can contain computer	
	various forms of input and output.	design and create a range of programs,	viruses.	
		systems and content that accomplish		
	To recognise common forms of input	given goals, including collecting,		
	(keyboard/ mouse/touch screen) and	analysing,		
	output (screen/ speakers).	evaluating and presenting data and		
		information.		

To create a program that produces an output on the screen.

To use sequence in programs in an appropriate order (e.g. to program a sprite).

Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.

To predict and explain what a program will do based on the code.

To identify errors in the program code.

To use controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.

To understand what a computer simulation is.

To explore a variety of computer simulations and explain why they can be useful.

Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.

To send an email.

To collect data and create a simple spreadsheet and chart using Google Sheets.

To use a green screen to create a video.

To create a poster editing text and pictures.

To use Google Docs to publish a story or poem.

To create a simple animation with picture and audio (e.g. Puppet-Pals)

	To understand how a computer stores data. To understand what a computer network is. To identify uses of technology beyond school and why they are helpful (e.g. robots & simulations) To understand how email works over the internet.		
Assessment objectives	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy
	To understand that the Lego Hub can connect to the iPad app To create a flowchart to plan out my work To programme the lego hub to change colour To understand, use and explain the role of the motor output To understand, use and explain the role of the tilt input To understand, use and explain the role of the light/proximity sensor To understand and experiment with the looping button To understand how the Sphero and iPad communicate with each other To control the Sphero using a separate device To achieve a simple goal by controlling the Sphero (game cards) To write programs for the Sphero using movement and repetition	To explain that digital devices accept inputs To explain that digital devices produce outputs To follow a process To classify input and output devices To design a digital device To explain how digital devices are used in different ways To recognise similarities and differences between digital and non-digital tools To recognise different connections To explain how messages are passed through multiple connections To recognise that computer networks are made up of a number of devices To log in to your norwoodmail account independently To access Google Classroom, and use the platform sensibly and with respect to others To access Google Drive	To identify simple differences in pieces of music To listen with concentration to a range of music (links to the Music curriculum) To create a rhythm pattern To explain that music is created and played by humans To connect images with sounds To use a computer to experiment with pitch and duration To relate an idea to a piece of music To use a computer to create a musical pattern using three notes To edit and refine my work, evaluating how you have made improvements To draw a sequence of linked pictures To predict what an animation will look like To explain why little changes are needed for each frame To create an effective stop-frame animation

	To write a program to trace a maze/route with Sphero and De-bug To write a program with outputs To write a program with random variables	To creat a Google Document, shared in google drive To create a google slides file To add text, shape and pictures to a google slide To submit work on Google Classroom To share a piece of work with a partner, who can then add more detail to the file	To create a storyboard, breaking down setting, character and events To use onion skinning to help make small changes between frames To evaluate the quality of their animation To evaluate other people's animations, and suggest points to improve
Vocabulary	object, repeat, timer, properties, compute Online Safety Password, internet, blog, Spreadsheets Advance mode, copy and p Touch-typing Communication, email, consave to draft Branching databases Branching databases Simulations Simulation Graphing Graph, field, data, bar chart, but the computer of the co	concept map, username, website, webpage taste, columns, cells, delete key, equals too npose, send, attachment, formatting, reporte, data, database, question block graph, line graph, design template, entrance animation, for	e, spoof, website, PEGI rating ol, spin tool, move cell tool, rows, of to the teacher, password, address book,
Topics taught	Lego WeDo and Code.org Basics with Sphero Hour of code (December)	Understanding networks and connecting computers Introduction to Google Workspace	Sequencing sounds Animation Safer Internet Day E-safety books

Programmes of study	Pupils should be taught:			
,		that accomplish specific goals, including (controlling or simulating physical	
Year 4	systems; solve problems by decon		5 5. ,	
	 use sequence, selection, and repe 	tition in programs; work with variables and	d various forms of input and output	
	 use logical reasoning to explain h 	ow some simple algorithms work and to de	etect and correct errors in algorithms and	
	programs			
		icluding the internet; how they can provide	multiple services, such as the world wide	
	web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration			
	use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating			
	digital content	of officers (in all disprishment or sizes) on		
		of software (including internet services) on ms and content that accomplish given goal		
	evaluating and presenting data ar		is, including confeculty, allalysing,	
	 use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of 			
	ways to report concerns about content and contact.			
	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy	
Progression objectives	To design, write and debug programs	Use search technologies effectively,	Use technology safely, respectfully	
	that accomplish specific goals, including	appreciate how results are selected and	and responsibly; recognise acceptable/	
	controlling or simulating physical	ranked, and be discerning in evaluating	unacceptable behaviour; identify a	
	systems; solve problems by	digital content.	range of ways to report concern about	
	decomposing them into smaller parts.	To use a search engine to find	content and contact.	
	To design a program using block	information.	To recognise the key values that are	
	language in which the user has to	mormation.	important in positive online	
	provide some input (e.g. maths quiz).	To understand search engines rank	relationships.	
		pages according to relevance.	•	
	To be able to debug their code		To identify the feelings and emotions	
	thoroughly.	Select, use and combine a variety of	that arise from online bullying.	
	the common advantage and according	software (including internet	To develop starts the to use of	
	Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and	services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs,	To develop strategies to use if we or someone we know is being bullied	
	various forms of input and output.	systems and content that accomplish	online.	
	יאורוסט ן סורווז טן וווף על עווע טענף על.	given goals, including collecting,	omme.	
	To use a sequence of commands in a	analysing, evaluating and presenting	To know how to stay safe when using	
	computer program.	data and	the internet.	
		information.		

To include repetition by using repeat ...until... within a program.

To use selection by using if...then... within a program.

To write code that includes keyboard input and produces an onscreen output.

Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.

To explain what the algorithm will do.

To identify and debug errors in code.

To use controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.

To develop a simple computer simulation (e.g. traffic lights).

Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.

To learn how the Internet works, including how it is structured and how data travels along it.

To search a database.

To add records to a database.

To use Google Forms to collect information.

To present information in a range of ways including tables, charts and graphs.

To create a presentation in Google Slides using transitions and inserting audio/video/ hyperlinks.

To create a newspaper article using columns and editing text.

To compose a piece of music.

To understand the reason for age ratings.

To identify how and who to ask for help.

To consider what is appropriate language and behaviour when online.

Assessment objectives	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy
	To understand how the Sphero and iPad communicate with each other To control the Sphero using a separate device To achieve a simple goal by controlling the Sphero (game cards) To write programs for the Sphero using movement and repetition To write a program to trace a maze/route with Sphero and De-bug To write a program with outputs To write a program with random variables To identify the output in an electrical circuit To understand the term selection, and use it to describe an electrical output To understand and use decision boxes To create flowchart algorithms To understand what inputs are and find inputs on the BBC Micro:bit	To describe the internet as a network of networks To demonstrate how information is shared across the internet To discuss why a network needs protecting To explain that the internet is used to provide many services To recognise that the World Wide Web contains websites and web pages To explain the types of media that can be shared on the WWW To explain that internet services can be used to create content online To suggest who owns the content on websites To explain why some information I find online may not be honest, accurate, or legal To explain why I need to think carefully before I share or reshare content	To identify changes that we can make to an image To explore how images can be changed in real life To explain the effect that editing can have on an image To change the composition of an image by selecting parts of it To consider why someone might want to change the composition of an image To talk about changes made to images To choose effects to make my image fit a scenario To identify how an image has been retouched To sort images into 'fake' or 'real' and explain my choices "To compare and evaluate the original image with my completed publication" To investigate questions with yes/no
	To plan, test and debug programs To write programs that include inputs and outputs	To suggest questions that can be answered using a given data set To identify the data that we need to answer questions To identify that sensors are input devices	answers To make up a yes/no question about a collection of objects To create two groups of objects separated by one attribute
		To use a digital device to collect data automatically To recognise that a sensor can be used as an input device for data collection To choose how often to automatically collect data samples	To select an attribute to separate objects into groups To arrange objects into a tree structure To select objects to arrange in a branching database To prove my branching database works

		To explain that a data logger captures 'data points' from sensors over time To use a computer program to sort data by one attribute To export information in different formats To present data in a graph or table	To explain that questions need to be ordered carefully to split objects into similarly sized groups To use my branching database to answer questions
Vocabulary	Coding Action, alert, algorithm, code design, control, command, debug, debugging, design mode, event, flowchart bug, input, object, repeat, selection, computer simulation, timer, variable Online Safety Computer virus, cookies, copyright, digital footprint, email, identity theft, malware, phishing, plagiarism, spam Spreadsheets Average, advance mode, columns, cells, charts, equals tool, formula, formula wizard, move cell tool, random tool, rows, spin tool, spreadsheet, timer Writing for different audiences Font, bold, italic, underline Logo, Logo BK, FD, RT, LT, repeat, SETPC, SETPS, PU, PD Animation Animation, background, frame, flipbook, onion skinning, stop motion, play, sound, video clip Effective searching Easter egg, internet, internet browser, search, search engine, spoof website, website Hardware investigators Motherboard, CPU, RAM, Graphics card, network card, monitor, speakers, keyboard and mouse		
Topics taught	Advanced coding with Sphero Understanding inputs with Micro:bit Hour of code (December)	Computer systems and the internet Data logging	Branching databases Photo editing Safer Internet Day E-safety books

Programmes of study	Pupils should be taught:			
	 design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical 			
Year 5	systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts			
	 use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output 			
	 use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and 			
	programs			
	• understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide			
	web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration			
	 use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content 			
	 select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and 			
	create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing,			
	evaluating and presenting data and information			
	• use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of			
	ways to report concerns about content and contact.			
	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy	
Progression objectives	To design, write and debug programs	Use search technologies effectively,	Use technology safely, respectfully	
	that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical	appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating	and responsibly; recognise acceptable/ unacceptable behaviour; identify a	
	systems; solve problems by	digital content.	range of ways to report concern about	
	decomposing them into smaller parts.	ungitur content.	content	
		To use filters to make search engines	and contact.	
	To design, write and debug a	more effective.		
	program, using block language, to		To develop an understanding of a	
	achieve a desired outcome (e.g.	Select, use and combine a variety of	'digital footprint'	
	creation of geometric shapes).	software (including internet services) on	To know how to know social modia	
	Use sequence, selection and repetition in	range of digital devices to design and	To know how to keep social media settings private.	
	programs; work with variables and	create a range of programs, systems	Settings private.	
	various forms of input and	and content that accomplish given	To identify rules for sharing images	
	output.	goals, including collecting, analysing,	online.	
		evaluating and presenting data and		
	To use sequence, selection and	information.	To describe the positive and negative	
	repetition in a computer program.		consequences of sharing images	
		To create a 3-fold leaflet.	online.	

	To write a program that has a keyboard and mouse input and a screen and speakers output.	To design and create a simple touch screen game.	To recognise the possible influences and pressures to share images online.
	Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to	To create a spreadsheet and analyse and evaluate the information.	
	detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.	To create a stop-motion animation.	
	To identify errors in code to create geometric shapes and patterns.	To choose software to share information with others – poster, leaflet, presentation, video etc.	
	To debug examples and own code.		
	To use controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.		
	To use decomposition to discover how a game/shape was made in order to design and create their own.		
	Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.		
	To describe the impact of technology on society, including on people's: spiritual, moral, social and cultural development.		
Assessment objectives	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy

To understand that the Lego Hub can connect to the iPad app

To create a flowchart to plan out my work

To programme the lego hub to change colour

To understand, use and explain the role of the motor output

To understand, use and explain the role of the tilt input

To understand, use and explain the role of the light/proximity sensor

To understand and experiment with the looping button

To understand that instructions can include repetition

To predict the outcome of a given code To modify codes to create a given outcome

To understand the difference between infinite loops and count-controlled loops

To recognise the importance and value of loops when coding and programming To run multiple loops at the same time, to create a desired outcome

To copy and adapt lines of code to other sprites, improving functionality and effectiveness

I understand the use of time delays and why they should be used I can create code to alter the background of my scratch file, using loops and delays To create multiple questions about the same field

To explain how information can be recorded

To order, sort, and group my data cards To navigate a flat-file database to compare

To choose which field to sort data by to answer a given question

To explain how information can be grouped

To group information to answer questions

To outline how 'AND' and 'OR' can be used to refine data selection

To ask questions that will need more than one field to answer

To refine a search in a real-world context and present my findings

To identify questions that can be answered using data

To propose simple, relevant questions that can be answered using data

To explain that objects/artifacts can be described using data

To explain that computers deal with different data types in different ways To explain that formulas can be used to produce calculated data

To recognise that data can be calculated using different operations

To recognise that changing inputs also changes outputs

To apply formulas to data, including duplication

To create and conduct a survey using multiple choice questions (non-digital) To suggest how technology could improve the ability to gather results for a survey

To explore the types of questions Google Forms allows

To create a simple survey on Google Forms

To explore how a Google form can be shared with others

To complete other children's Google Form files, evaluate suitability and feedback improvements

To use a Google form as a quiz, selecting correct answers to provide instant feedback

To interpret results from a Google form, and make conclusions based on these results

To identify different types of recording devices, suggesting advantages and disadvantages of each

To compare features in different videos To identify and find features for video recording on an iPad

To experiment with different camera angles

To suggest filming techniques for a given purpose

To create a storyboard to outline the scenes of a video

To import chosen footage into iMovie To edit my video to improve the final outcome

		To evaluate results in comparison to the question asked	To review and evaluate the effectiveness of my video
Vocabulary	Coding Action, alert, algorithm, bug, code design, command, control, debug, design mode, event, input, object, output, repeat, selection, simulation, sequence, timer, variable Online safety Online safety, smart rules, password, reputable, encryption, identity theft, shared image, plagiarism, citations, reference, bibliography Spreadsheet Average, advance mode, copy and paste, columns, cells, charts, equals tool, formula, formula wizard, move cell tool, random tool, rows, spin tool, spreadsheet, timer Databases Avatar, binary tree, charts, collaborative, data, database, find, record, sort, group and arrange, statisitics and reports, table Game creator Animation, computer game, customise, evaluation, image, instructions, interactive, screenshot, texture, perspective, playability Modelling CAD, modelling, 3D, 2D, viewpoint, polygon, net, points, template, 3D template Effective searching Audience, collaboratively, concept, concept map, connection, idea, node, thought, visual Microsoft Word Copyright, cursor, document, font, in built styles, merge cells, paragraph formatting, readability, template, text formatting, text wrapping, word art, word processing tool		
Topics taught	Going further with Lego Wedo Introduction to Scratch Hour of code (December)	Flatfile databases Introduction to Spreadsheets	Creating Google Forms and interpreting data Video editing Safer Internet Day E-safety books

Programmes of study	Pupils should be taught:			
,	design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical			
Year 6	systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts			
	 use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output 			
	 use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and 			
	programs			
	• understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide			
		web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration		
	 use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content 			
	 select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and 			
	create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing,			
	evaluating and presenting data and information			
	• use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of			
	ways to report concerns about content and contact.			
	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy	
Progression objectives	To design, write and debug programs	Use search technologies effectively,	Use technology safely, respectfully and	
	that accomplish specific goals, including	appreciate how results are selected	responsibly; recognise acceptable/	
	controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by	and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.	Unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concern about	
	decomposing them into smaller parts.	evaluating digital content.	content	
	discomposing them may emailed pair to	To know there are a range of search	and contact.	
	To design, write and debug a	engines. (Google, Bing, Yahoo etc.)		
	program based on their own ideas for		To explain what is meant by a 'digital	
	a target audience.	To understand there are also site	footprint'	
	the common extention and according to	specific search engines. (App store,	To Park have and Park's and the transfer	
	Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and	Google play etc.)	To list key applications that we may use now and in the future.	
	various forms of input and output.		use now and in the ruture.	
	various forms of input and output.	Select, use and combine a variety of	To know why there are age	
	To use sequence, selection, repetition	software (including internet services) on	ratings/restrictions for social media,	
	and variables in a computer program.	a range of digital devices to design	apps and games.	
		and create a range of programs,		
	To write a program that accepts a	systems and content that accomplish	To identify ways to keep yourself and	
	number of different inputs and	given goals, including collecting,	others safe online and offline.	
	produces a number of different outputs.	analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.		
	outputs.	ממנט מחט ווון טרווומנוטוו.		

Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.

To give clear and precise logical explanations of code.

To detect and correct errors in code.

To use controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.

To use decomposition to discover how a game/app was made in order to design and create their own.

To use decomposition to discover how a game/app was made in order to design and create their own. Understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and

the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.

To understand how binary numbers work.

To understand the importance of computer code breaking during WWII.

To use a range of media to create a pitch presentation.

To create an advertising campaign for their app or game.

To conduct market research and analyse data collected.

To design and create a house using Google Sketch-Up.

To recognise that people may not always be who they say they are online.

To have an understanding of what constitutes a 'good digital citizen'

To develop understanding of copyright.

Assessment objectives	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy
	To identify the inputs and outputs of a BBC micro:bit To know how sequence is used in computer programs To create a simple digital animation using code To understand the role of the 'IF - THEN - ELSE' operations To recognise and use events such as 'on start' 'on shake' and 'on screen down' To program a 'digital pet' using events and functions To understand the terms 'sprite' 'alogrithm' 'event' and 'function' To programme a simple sprite to change shape or colour To add backgrounds to a simple scratch file To programme sprites to move using direction keys or the mouse To understand and use the variables function To use the 'pick random' button, showing an understanding of the 4 quadrants of the screen To use the variable button to create either a timer or a score button To develop a game with a working purpose, considering target audience	To identify how to use a search engine To understand that there are different search engines available, and identify similarities and differences between major search engines To describe how search engines select results To recognise the role of a search engine index and crawlers To explain how search results are ranked To recognise why the order of results is important, and to whom To recognise how we communicate using technology To evaluate different methods of online communication To use Google Sites to develop a website based on a cross-curricular theme. To embed files from google drive to a website To add collaborators to your website, to work cooperatively. To create subpages and menus To understand that information that is published is on the public domain To share website addresses with others, and appraise each other's websites	To create a lego brick using push/pull To use the pencil tool to draw an even staircase To successfully use the follow me tool To create a pitched roof and curved entrance To create a realistic model of my house To add details such as windows and doors To use the curved function to add further, more challenging details such as a curved window or a door handle To conduct market research, as part of the process in developing a video game. To consider results from market research and target audience carefully when designing characters for a video game To understand the importance of clear, concise instructions when developing a game for a chosen audience. To design a marketing campaign, which could include digital and paper-based advertisements. To think about the front cover, blurb and any in-app purchases that might be attractive to the target audience
Vocabulary	output, repeat, selection, simulation, tab Online safety Digital footprint, password	d, PEGI rating, phishing, screen time, spoo copy and paste, columns, cells, charts, dic	f website

	Database Audience, blog, blog page, blog post, collaborative, icon Text adventures Text-based adventure, concept map, debug, sprite, function Networks Internet, world wide web, network, router, local area network, wide area network, network cables, wireless Quizzing Audience, collaboration, concept map, database, quiz Binary Base 10, base 2, binary, bit, byte, decimal, gigabyte, denary, digit, machine code, integer, kilobyte, switch, megabyte, nibble, switch, transistor, variable		
Topics taught	Advanced programming with Micro:bit Going further with Scratch - game design Hour of code (December)	Internet communication Using Google Sites - creating a website with a purpose	Sketchup - 3D modelling Game design - promote your product! Safer Internet Day E-safety books